CHESTNUT SPECIES ID: THE BASICS



2012 AMERICAN CHESTNUT SUMMIT ASHEVILLE, NC



THE AMERICAN CHESTNUT FOUNDATION

American Chestnut (Castanea dentata)



- Member of the Fagaceae family
 - O Beech (Fagus), chestnut (Castanea) and oak (Quercus)
- Species of Castanea native to north America
 - O Castanea dentata American chestnut
 - O Castanea pumila Chinquapin or Allegheny Chinquapin
 - O Castanea ozarkensis (Castanea pumila var. ozarkensis)— Ozark Chinquapin
- Non-native Castanea species
 - O Castanea mollissima Chinese chestnut
 - O Castanea crenata Japanese chestnut
 - O Castanea sativa European chestnut
 - O Castanea henryi Henry's chinquapin (China)
 - O Castanea seguinii Seguin chestnut (China)

Chestnut Species You Might Find:





- Native:
 - O American chestnut (3 nuts/bur)
 - O Allegheny chinquapin (1 nut/bur)
- Imported (with recorded dates):
 - O European chestnut (1773)
 - O Japanese chestnut (1876)
 - O Chinese chestnut (1912)



American chestnut

HYBRID CHESTNUTS

- O Hybridizing efforts have been recorded in the US beginning in 1895
- O The Connecticut Agriculture Experiment Station has been breeding chestnuts since the 1920's

Leaf hairless, except for sparse hairs on veins

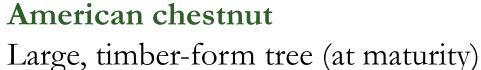
Leaf fairly thin and papery

Leaf canoe-shaped with deeply toothed margins

Twig hairless and red to chestnut-brown

Bud **smooth**, and brown, **pointed** and usually askew on the twig







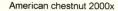
No hairs, besides a few on veins

4-celled glandular hairs, called trichomes, on leaf surface

4-celled American trichomes have "hot cross bun" shape







Leaf **glossy**, usually **hairy** on underside

Leaf **thick**, may be leathery in texture

Leaf **oval** to row-boat shaped with wedge-toothed margins

Twig **pea-green** to ****tan, new growth **hairy**

Bud **round**, pea-green to tan, **hairy** and in-line with stem





Sun leaf **very hairy**– both stellate (starshaped) and simple hairs

Stalked glandular hairs with prominent heads, (trichomes) on leaf veins only







Sun leaf **glossy**, **_ hairy** on underside

Leaf **narrow**, oval with **blunt base**

Bristle-toothed margins

Twig **pinkish- brown**, new growth hairy





Sun leaf **hairy** – both stellate (starshaped) and simple hairs

9-celled glandular hairs (trichomes) on leaf surface

9-celled trichomes much larger than American trichomes







Japanese chestnut 1000x

Leaf **most similar** to American, more triangular leaf margins -

Leaf base often rounded, with a long petiole

Leaf underside may be **hairy**

Twig very thick and coarse, dark brown at maturity

Bud **very large**, may be reddish





European chestnut
Spreading, orchard-form tree



Vary between very hairy and not hairy

Stalked, clubshaped glandular hairs (trichomes) present, though often difficult to see

Stalked trichomes on leaf surface and leaf veins





European chestnut 1000x

Leaf usually **hairy** on underside

Leaf margins slightly to deeply toothed

One pointed nut per bur, instead of three

Burs form in **clusters**

Burs open in **two**parts, instead of four





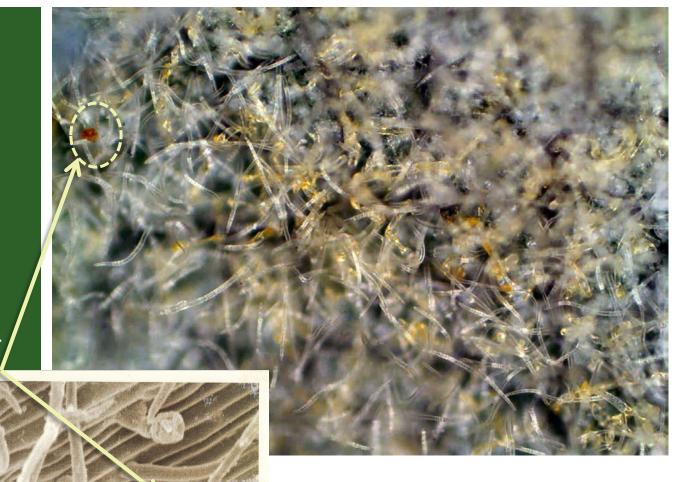
Allegheny chinquapin
Shrub or small tree



Sun leaf usually very hairy

Both **simple** and **stellate** hairs

Bulbous glandular hairs (trichomes) leaf surface







Chinkapin 1000x

Species Comparisson





Top side of leaves:

Underside of leaves:





Top row: Allegheny chinquapin

Bottom row: American, Chinese, European and Japanese chestnuts



Top and Side Views of Chestnuts.

From Left:
American, Chinese,
Japanese, and
European



Species Comparison: Nuts



Photo Credits

Thank you to all who provided images for this presentation!

- All microscopic images were taken/provided by Stephen Baumann, Tim Eck and Dave Armstrong
- All SEM images were taken by Tracey Coulter, with support from the WISER grant program
- Species comparison images, as well as Allegheny chinquapin images, were taken by Dr. Paul Sisco
- The larger European chestnut image was taken by Dave Armstrong
- All other images were taken by TACF staff

